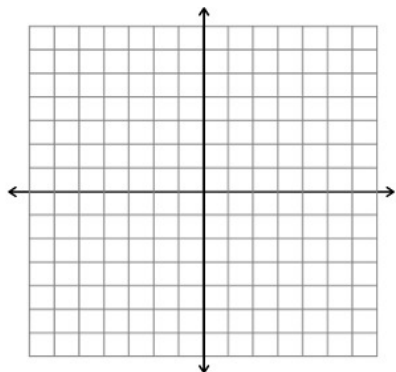


EXPONENT PROPERTIES REVIEW

Review of Exponential Functions

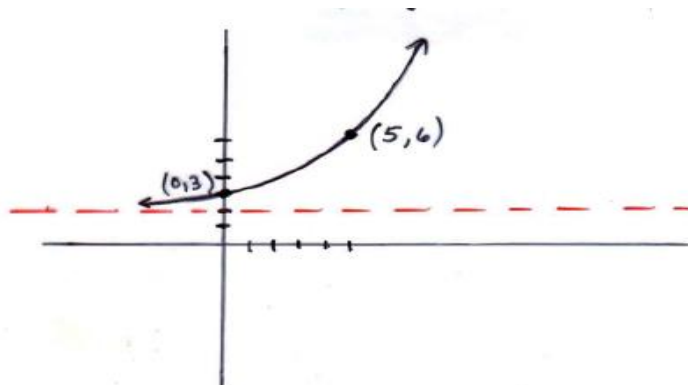
W-up: Graph $y = 3^x$



Exponential Function: Function with a numeric(constant) base taken to a VARIABLE power with general equation $y = a \bullet b^x$, $b > 0$ and $b \neq 1$ where $(0, a)$ is the y-intercept and $y = 0$ (x-axis) is the horizontal asymptote.

Note: Exponential **Growth** when $b > 1$ & Exponential **Decay** when $0 < b < 1$

EX) Write an exponential equation for the following graph.



NEWTON'S LAW OF COOLING(basic exponential decay with translated asymptote)

EX) A pizza heated to 425°F is taken out of the oven and placed in a room that is 70°F. Five minutes later the temperature of the pizza is 185°F. What is the temperature of the pizza after 15 minutes?

Note: asymptote must be reflected in the equation!

Use the graphing calculator to verify the following limit.

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} \left(1 + \frac{1}{x}\right)^x = e \approx 2.718....$$

“e” is used in many real world formulas(specifically in compounding interest **continuously**)

Exponential Growth and Decay

When real world examples are known to have exponential growth or decay use the following formulas:

A) When the RATE of growth/decay is known:

$$A(t) = A_0(1 \pm r)^t \quad \text{Note: Annual Growth is Implied}$$

Where $A(t)$ is the amount after time t .

A_0 is the original amount invested

r is the annual interest rate(“+” for growth and “-” for decay)

t is the time in years

EX) The value of a \$10,000 ring appreciates exponentially 2% per year. What is it worth 20 years from now?

NOTE: If growth is known to increase CONTINUOUSLY at a certain rate the formula $A(t) = A_0 e^{rt}$ MUST be used since growth is not ANNUAL!

EX) The value of a \$10,000 ring grows continuously at 2% per year. What is it worth 20 years from now?

B) When the rate is *not* given but the FACTOR of growth/decay is known:

$$A(t) = A_0 (b)^{t/k}$$

Where $A(t)$ is the amount after time t

A_0 is the original amount invested

b is the factor of growth and decay

k is the time in years it takes for b to happen

t is the time in years

EX) If \$14,000 doubles in an account every 12 years. How much is in an account after 5 years?

Half-Life: time it takes for something to decay ONE-HALF its original amount

EX) The half-life for an isotope is 1200 years. If there are 50g present now, how much is remaining after 50 years?